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1 2 3 4 5	JOSEPHINE A. BROSAS, SB# 239342 E-Mail: Josephine.Brosas@lewisbrisbois.com 633 West 5 <sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 4000 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: 213.250.1800 Facsimile: 213.250.7900	SAN BERNARDINO DISTRICT MAR 01 2022			
6 7	Attorneys for Plaintiff/Cross-Defendants, WATERS EDGE WINERIES, INC., and KEN LINEBERGER				
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	Kage k		
9	COUNTY OF	SAN BERNARDINO			
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11	WATERS EDGE WINERIES, INC., a Californic corporation,	CASE NO. CIVDS1723250 The Hon. Brian S. McCarville, Dept. S30	and the second		
12	Plaintiff,	The Hon. Drian 5. McCarvine, Dept. 550			
13	vs.	[P <del>BOPOSE</del> D] ORDER AND JUDGMENT			
14	FRANSON FAMILY WINERIES, LLC, a				
15	California Limited Liability Company; and KYLE FRANSON, an individual,				
16 17	Defendants.	Action Filed: 11/22/2017			
18	AND RELATED CROSS ACTION	Trial Date: 9/7/2021			
19					
20	ORDER A	ORDER AND JUDGMENT			
21	This matter came on for a bench trial on September 7-8, 14-16, and 20-21, 2021. Leo A. Bautista				
22	and Josephine Brosas of Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard	& Smith LLP appeared on behalf of Plaintiff/Cross-			
23	Defendants Waters Edge Wineries, Inc. and Ken	Lineberger (collectively, "Waters Edge"), and Jason			
24	Coberly of Soden & Steinberger, APLC appeared	on behalf of Defendants/Cross-Complainant Franson			
25	Family Wineries, LLC and Kyle Franson (collect	ively, "Franson"). The Court heard testimony from			
26	parties Ken Lineberger and Kyle Franson, third pa	arties Tim Vandergrift, Kylie Aseltine, Roxanne			
27	Rapske, Matthew Wentworth, Mark Mitzenmache	er, Jennifer Hulan, Robin Harter, and damages experts			
28	Henry Kahrs and Ryan Nguyen.		i I		
	4864-0848-7433.1	1			
	ORDER AND JUDGMENT				

The trial herein heard testimony and evidence on the following claims: (1) Waters Edge's
 Complaint for Breach of Written Contract, Breach of Implied Contract, Declaratory Relief, and
 Injunctive Relief; (2) Franson's First Amended Answer and Affirmative Defenses; (3) Franson's Cross Complaint for Fraud, Rescission, and Unfair Competition; and (4) Waters Edge's Answer and
 Affirmative Defenses. The Court entered into evidence the exhibits identified in the parties' joint agreed upon exhibit list which was submitted to the Court on September 21, 2021. The Court also considered the
 parties' Requests for Judicial Notice.

8 The Court issued its Statement of Intended Decision on December 16, 2021, finding for Waters
9 Edge on all causes of action in its Complaint, and finding that Franson failed to establish any of its
10 affirmative defenses and failed in all causes of action in its Cross-Complaint. The Court ordered Waters
11 Edge to prepare the Order, Judgment, and give notice. Franson filed its Objections to the Court's
12 Statement of Intended Decision on December 29, 2021.

After considering all the evidence at trial, including arguments of counsel as well as the parties'
written closing statements, and Franson's Objections, the Court hereby overrules Franson's Objections to
the Court's Statement of Intended Decision and issues the following Order and Judgment.

The Court hereby Orders as follows:

 The Court's Statement of Intended Decision filed on December 16, 2021 is hereby made final and is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and is made part hereof.

2. The Court finds for Waters Edge on all causes of action in its Complaint in the principle sum of \$1,835,998.00 together with costs and attorney's fees.

- 3. The Court finds that Franson has failed to establish any of its affirmative defenses as outlined in its answer and has failed in all causes of action as to the Cross-Complaint.
- 4. The Court finds that Waters Edge is the prevailing party after trial with respect to all causes of action in the Complaint and in the Cross-Complaint.
- 5. The Court Orders Franson to immediately comply with all the post-termination obligations in the December 12, 2012 Franchise Agreement. Copied below is the portion of said agreement containing Franson's post-termination obligations that Franson must comply with which is hereby incorporated in the Court's Order.

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## POST-TERM OBLIGATIONS

14. Upon the expiration or termination of this Agreement:

A. Reversion of Rights; Discontinuation of Trademark Use. All of your rights to the use of the Trademarks (and all other names and marks adopted in connection with the Store) and all other rights and licenses granted herein (including your license to use the software) and the right and license to conduct business under the Trademarks at the Authorized Location will revert to us without further act or deed of any party. All of your right, title and interest in, to and under this Agreement will become our property. On our demand, you must assign to us or our assignce your remaining interest in any lease then in effect for the Store (although we will not assume any past due obligations). You must immediately comply with the post-term non-compete obligations under subparagraph 10.D, return the production management software, cease all use and display of the Trademarks and any other marks and names adopted in connection with your Store and of any proprietary material (including the Operations Manual and the product preparation materials) and of all or any portion of promotional materials furnished or approved by us, assign all right, title and interest in the telephone numbers for the Store (in accordance with the Assignment attached as Appendix E), all domain names and websites connected with the Store and cancel or assign to us or our designee, at our option, any adopted marks, assumed name rights, or equivalent registrations filed with authorities. You must pay all sums due to us or designees and all sums you owe to third parties that have been guaranteed by us. You must immediately return to us, at your expense, all copies of the Operations Manual and product preparation materials then in your possession or control or previously disseminated to your employees and continue to comply with the confidentiality provisions of subparagraph 6.G. You must promptly at your expense and subject to subparagraph 14.B, remove or obliterate all Store signage, displays or other materials in your possession at the Authorized Location or elsewhere that bear any of the Trademarks, other adopted marks, or names or materials confusingly similar to the Trademarks and so alter the appearance of the Store as to differentiate the Store unmistakably from duly licensed stores identified by the Trademarks. If, however, you refuse to comply with the provisions of the preceding sentence within 30 days, we have the right to enter the Authorized Location and remove all Store signage, displays or other materials in your possession at the Authorized Location or elsewhere that bear any of the Trademarks, other adopted marks or names or material confusingly similar to the Trademarks or other marks, and you must reimburse us for our costs incurred. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of expiration or termination of this Agreement, you will remain liable for your obligations pursuant to this Agreement or any other agreement between you and us that expressly or by their nature survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement.

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1	6. The Court hereby Orders Waters Edge to file and serve its Memorandum of Costs within
2	fifteen (15) days of the entry of this Order and Judgment.
3	7. The Court hereby Orders Waters Edge to file and serve its Motion for Attorneys' Fees within
4	sixty (60) days of the entry of this Order and Judgment.
5	
6	Judgment is hereby entered in favor of Waters Edge and against Franson, in the principle sum of
7	\$1,835,998.00 together with costs and attorney's fees. This judgment is joint and severable as to Franson
8	Family Winery, LLC and Kyle Franson based upon the personal guarantee signed by Kyle Franson.
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10	Dated: 3/1/2012
11	The Hon. Brian S. McCarville Judge of the Superior Court
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	4864-0848-7433.1 4
	ORDER AND JUDGMENT

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1 2 3 4	SUPERIOR COURT COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO 247 West Third Street, Department S21 San Bernardino, California 92415	FILED SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SAN BERNARDINO DISTRICT DEC 1 6 2021 BY BY DEC 1.6 2021		
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8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
9	FOR THE COUNTY O	OF SAN BERNARDINO		
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11	WATERS EDGE WINERIES, INC., a California Corporation	)Case No.: CIVDS1723250 }		
12	Plaintiff,	STATEMENT OF INTENDED DECISION		
	vs.			
14 15	FRANSON FAMILY WINERIES, LLC, a			
16	California Limited Liability Company; and KYLE FRANSON, an individual,			
17	Defendants.			
18 19	And related cross actions.			
20	The matter came on for trial of	on September 7, 2021. Plaintiff Cross		

Defendant (herein after Plaintiff) was present in court represented by Leo A. Bautista, Esq. and Josephine A. Brosas, Esq. of Lewis, Brisbois, Bisgaard & Smith, LLP. Defendants Cross Complainants were present in court represented by Jason W. Coberly, Esq. of Soden and Steinberger, APLC. The matter was tried as a court trial, the parties have previously waived their right to a trial by jury. The matter concluded presentation of evidence on September 21, 2021. The minutes reflect the witnesses called, the exhibits admitted, and requests for judicial notice. By agreement of the parties, oral argument was waived and it was agreed that the matter would be 

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submitted to the court by way of written closing statements and written proposed
Statements of Intended Decision with a simultaneous exchange to occur on November
12, 2021. Thereafter, the matter was to be submitted to the court for its decision. The
court hereby renders its Statement of Intended Decision.

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This Statement of Intended Decision will become the court's Statement of Decision pursuant to CCP §632 (et seq) unless one of the parties files an application pursuant to California Rule of Court 3.1590 (et seq). The purpose of the court's Statement of Intended Decision is to provide the parties the factual and legal basis for the decision. It is the court's view of the facts and the applicable law and hence the legal basis for the decision. *Schmidt v. Superior Court*, 2020 44 Cal.App 5<sup>th</sup> 570.

This case involves two sophisticated businessmen brought together by a third 11 party which, after, a good deal of ground work resulted in the execution of a franchise 12 agreement between Plaintiff and Defendants with Kyle Franson executing a personal 13 guarantee for Defendant's performance. The franchise agreement and personal 14 guarantee were among the many exhibits submitted by the parties during the 15 presentation of the evidence. The agreement and subsequent conduct of the parties 16 post execution form the basis of the underlying complaint and cross complaint. During 17 the trial, the court heard from eleven witnesses, assessed each witnesses' credibility, 18 viewed hundreds of pages of the exhibits, as well as considered these items of Judicial 19 Notice. 20

Prior to the execution of the agreement by Defendant, Kyle Franson engaged in extensive due diligence. He reviewed the proposed franchise agreement. He looked at possible business plans. He spoke with other individual franchisees of the business. He visited sites and prepared a pro-forma plan without the aid or assistance of Plaintiff.

Plaintiff's proposed business plan was to have a footprint consisting of a winery and a small wine bar, possibly encompassing bistro or walk-away foods. After his due diligence and consideration of various options, Defendant decided to adopt an

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expanded format with a larger wine bar, winery, onsite and offsite storage, as well as a
 full service restaurant that eventually entailed the use of a large number of employees.
 Defendant located a site which required extensive renovations to get it up and running.
 After significant remodeling, Defendant opened his Water's Edge operation.

5 The franchise agreement in evidence provided unambiguously for a monthly 2% 6 service fee and a 5% commission on "all sales" or "gross sales" with the Defendant 7 being obligated to provide an accounting on a monthly basis to allow for proper accounting of both the service and commission fees. The agreement entered into by 8 the parties did not provide any reduction for sales of food or anything else. All sales 9 were subject to the 5% commission. The agreement also provided for start-up onsite 10 assistance in wine making, recommended items for purchase in the manufacture of 11 wine, and the branding of products. In short order, Defendant's operation gained 12 widespread success exceeding even the Defendant's initial expectations. It is clear 13 from this court's analysis of Kyle Franson's testimony that he believed he should not be 14 paying commission on the food and other items, even though not excluded from the 15 agreement. Franson's rent was higher, his start-up costs were higher, and his employee 16 salaries were all a factor that contributed to his costs, but those as well enabled him to 17 reap higher benefits. 18

Both Plaintiff and Defendants began discussions with an eye towards possibly modifying the agreement, but the court finds that those discussions never led to any modification of the original franchise agreement.

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The evidence is clear and convincing to the court that the Defendant breached the agreement with respect to the agreed contractual obligation to pay the 5% commission on all sales. The evidence also discloses that the Defendant failed to provide all the required monthly reports with respect to all sales.

Defendants alleged that they were defrauded and misrepresentations were made with respect to products provided by Plaintiff, specifically in the manufacture of wine. This was referred to as the "invert sugar" issue. There was conflicting evidence

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presented to the court on this issue. It is illegal in some instances in California to use the "invert sugar" process. At bench, the issue is whether or not those facts have been established by the Defendants by any persuasive evidence.

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A wine kit was in fact brought to court and it was used by witnesses to demonstrate how the wine manufacture process took place. Neither party had the 5 alleged kit tested for "invert sugar" although that could have been done. Under the 6 maxim of law that if a party presents weaker evidence when it could have provided stronger evidence, the court may distrust the weaker evidence. The court finds that Defendants did not establish any basis to terminate the franchise agreement for fraud 9 or misrepresentation as to the "invert sugar" allegations. In addition, Kyle Franson testified that he had wine that he knew or believed was produced with "invert sugar", but went ahead to sell that wine to members of the public who patronized Defendant's establishment. As such, the court finds that Kyle Franson is without clean hands on this issue and finds him to be not credible on that issue.

Defendant also claims Plaintiff misrepresented information regarding the 15 existence and number of certain franchises at the time Defendants began their due 16 diligence. Again, there are conflicting witnesses on this issue. The court finds from the 17 testimony presented that no material misrepresentations were made to Defendant as to 18 the wine manufacturing franchises in existence. Additionally, Defendant Kyle Franson 19 suggested that he was misled as to the timeline for the production of wines. Again, 20 there is conflicting testimony on this issue. After listening to all the witnesses on this 21 issue, the court finds there was no misrepresentation or fraud committed by Plaintiff 22 with respect to the timeline of the manufacture and ultimate sale of the wines. Finally, 23 the court recalls video in which Kyle Franson said that his only problem was his 24 business's growth and development in the area. In fact, he testified that he was afraid 25 someone else might buy an available adjacent franchise which would cause him 26 competition. Defendant went on to negotiate the purchase and sale of that franchise from Plaintiff. 28

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Both parties presented accountants on the issue of damages. Based upon a 1 review of each, the testimony of witness, Henry Kahrs, was more reasonable and the 2 court finds his credibility outweighs that of witness Nguyen, who flip-flopped during his 3 testimony. Mr. Nguyen adopted the Plaintiff's expert's position on the issue of rescission, but changed his testimony later and offered no credible reasons.

Based upon all the witnesses and the documentary evidence, as well as 6 considering the written arguments of counsel and the proposed Statements of Intended 7 Decision the court finds that the Plaintiff has met its burden of proof to establish that the 8 Defendants have breached the franchise agreement that was entered into by the 9 parties on December 12, 2012. The evidence establishes that Kyle Franson executed 10 a personal guarantee as to the franchise agreement. The documentary evidence 11 establishes that Defendants failed to pay the required royalties on the gross sales and 12 failed to report the necessary financial information to Plaintiff. Defendants have not 13 established any credible evidence to support his claims for fraud, rescission, or unfair 14 competition as affirmative defenses or by way of cross complaint. 15

As such, the court finds for Plaintiff, Waters Edge Wineries, Inc., on all causes of action in its complaint in the principle sum of \$1,835,998.00 together with costs and attorney's fees. Those costs to be set by cost bill and attorney's fees by noticed motion. This judgment is joint and severable as to Franson Family Winery, LLC and Kyle Franson based upon the personal guarantee. The court finds that the Defendant has failed to establish any of its affirmative defenses as outlined in its answer and has failed in all causes of action as to the cross complaint. Plaintiff is to prepare order, judgment, and give notice.

Dated this 16<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2021

HON, BRIAN S. MCCARVILLE Judge of the Superior Court

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	1	PROOF OF SERVICE (Code of Civil Proc., §§ 1013a)	
	2 3	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO	
	4 5	TITLE OF CASE: WATERS EDGE v. FRANSON	
	6	CASE NUMBER: CIVDS1723250	
•	7		
	8	DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY MAIL	
•	10	I hereby declare that I am a citizen of the United States, over the age of 18, employed in the above-named county, and not a party to nor interested in this proceeding. My business address is: 247 West Third Street, Tenth Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0210. On <u>December 16, 2021</u> , I served the foregoing document described as	<ul> <li>4</li> </ul>
	12 13	<b>STATEMENT OF INTENDED DECISION</b> on the other parties in this action by placing the true copies thereof enclosed in sealed envelopes addressed as follows:	• • •
	14 15	Name and Address of Persons Served:	
	16 17 18	Leo A. Bautista, Esq. Josephine A. Brosas,Esq. Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith 633 West Fifth Street, Suite 4000 Los Angeles, CA 90071	
an a	19 20 21	Jason W. Coberly, Esq. Soden & Steinberger, APLC 550 West C Street, Suite 1160 San Diego, CA 92101	• •
	22 23	At the time of mailing this notice there was regular communication between the place of mailing and the place(s) to which this notice was addressed.	
	24	I declare under penalty of perjury the foregoing to be true and correct.	
андар 1911 - Сарана 1911 - Сарана	25 26	DATED: 12/16/21 by CREMEN	
	27 28	Christine R. Junker Administrative Assistant II	
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1 2	<u>CALIFORNIA STATE COURT PROOF OF SERVICE</u> Waters Edge Wineries, Inc. v. Franson Family Wineries, LLC, et al.		
3	Case No. CIVDS1723250 – File No. 41709-02 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO		
4	At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to the action. My business address		
5	is 633 West 5th Street, Suite 4000, Los Angeles, CA 90071.		
6 7	On January 13, 2022, I served the following document(s): [PROPOSED] ORDER AND JUDGMENT on the following persons at the following addresses (including fax numbers and e-mail addresses, if applicable):		
	Robert J. Steinberger, Esq.T: (619) 239-3200Jason W. Coberly, Esq.F: (619) 238-4581SODEN & STEINBERGER, APLCjcoberly@sodensteinberger.com550 West C Street, Suite 1160Attorneys for Defendant/Cross-Complainant		
10	San Diego, CA 92101 FRANŠON FAMILY WINERY, LLC		
11	The documents were served by the following means:		
12 13	from e-mail address Cora.Ruvalcaba@Lewisbrisbois.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses		
14	message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.		
15	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is		
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17	Con Municat Cora Ruvalcaba		
18	Cora Ruvalcaba		
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	4864-0848-7433.1 5 ORDER AND JUDGMENT		

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